## Standards for Space for Instructional Facilities

(1) Minimum standards for common areas.
(A) Library.
(i) A school district shall consider the School Library Standards and Guidelines as adopted under TEC, $\S 33.021$, when developing, implementing, or expanding library services.
(ii) The sum total square footage of all library-related areas shall meet the following minimum square feet (SF) requirements based on maximum instructional capacity and may be contiguous or dispersed:
(I) for 100 students or fewer, a minimum of $1,400 \mathrm{SF}$;
(II) for 101-500 students, 1,400 SF plus an additional 4 SF for each student in excess of 100;
(III) for 501-2,000 students, a minimum of 3,000 SF plus an additional 3 SF for each student in excess of 500 ; and
(IV) for 2,001 or more students, a minimum of $7,500 \mathrm{SF}$ plus an additional 2 SF for each student in excess of 2,000.
(B) Gymnasium. Primary gymnasiums or physical education space, if required by the school district's educational program, shall have a minimum of 3,000 SF at the elementary school level, 4,800 SF at the middle school level, and 7,500 SF at the high school level.

## Standards for Space for Instructional Facilities

(2) Minimum standards for special spaces.
(A) Combination science classroom/laboratory.
(i) A combination science classroom/laboratory for Kindergarten-Grade 5 must provide a minimum of 50 SF per student. The room may have an established maximum of 22 students but must not exceed 25 . Within the total square footage of the room, 6 SF per student of horizontal laboratory countertop space (3 feet wide $\times 2$ feet deep) must be provided at student laboratory benches, and an additional 3 linear feet (LF) per student of horizontal laboratory countertop support space must be provided for equipment and materials for investigations, activities, or student projects.
(ii) A combination science classroom/laboratory for Grades 6-8 must provide a minimum of 58 SF per student. The room may have an established maximum of 24 students but must not exceed 28 . Within the total square footage of the room, 6 SF per student of horizontal laboratory countertop space (3 feet wide x 2 feet deep) must be provided at student laboratory benches, and an additional 3 LF per student of horizontal laboratory countertop support space must be provided for equipment and materials for investigations, activities, or student projects.
(iii) A combination science classroom/laboratory for Grades 9-12 must provide a minimum of 58 SF per student. The room may consider a maximum of 24 students but must not exceed 28 . Within the total square footage of the room, 6 SF per student of horizontal laboratory countertop space ( 3 feet wide $\times 2$ feet deep) must be provided at student laboratory benches, and an additional 3 LF per student of horizontal laboratory countertop support space must be provided for equipment and materials for investigations, activities, or student projects.

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(B) Science laboratory.
(i) The separate science laboratory and classroom configuration is not permissible at the elementary level.
(ii) A science laboratory for Grades $6-8$ must be a minimum of 42 SF per student. The room must consider a maximum of 24 students but must not exceed 28. Within the total square footage of the room, 6 SF per student of horizontal laboratory countertop space ( 3 feet wide $\times 2$ feet deep) must be provided at student laboratory benches, and an additional 3 LF per student of horizontal laboratory countertop support space must be provided for equipment and materials for investigations, activities, or student projects.
(iii) A science laboratory for Grades $9-12$ shall be a minimum of 42 SF per student. The room must consider a maximum of 24 students but must not exceed 28. Within the total square footage of the room, 6 SF per student of horizontal laboratory countertop space ( 3 feet wide $\times 2$ feet deep) shall be provided at student laboratory benches, and an additional 3 LF per student of horizontal laboratory countertop support space shall be provided for equipment and materials for investigations, activities, or student projects.
(C) Science classrooms. Science classrooms shall be provided at a ratio not to exceed 2:1 of science classrooms to science laboratories at the secondary level and must meet the requirements of subsection $(\mathrm{h})(3)$ of this section. The science laboratories must be located in close proximity to the science classrooms they serve.

## Standards for Space for Instructional Facilities

(D) Fume hoods.
(i) Each of the following shall have one built-in fume hood:
(I) at least one middle school prep room per grade level served in the school facility;
(II) high school level chemistry or Advanced Placement (AP) chemistry combination classroom/laboratory or laboratory; and
(III) prep room serving chemistry, AP chemistry, or integrated physics and chemistry (IPC) combination classroom/laboratory or laboratory.
(ii) A double-sided fume hood may be provided to satisfy chemistry or AP chemistry fume hood requirements.
(iii) The exhaust shall be vented to the outside, above the roof and away from air vents.
(E) Preparation/storage rooms. One preparation/storage room at a minimum 10 SF per student shall be provided adjacent to each combination science classroom/laboratory. One preparation/storage room at a minimum of 10 SF per student shall be provided per science classroom and be located adjacent to its partner science laboratory. Preparation/storage rooms may be combined, but the combination of more than one preparation/storage room shall not reduce the minimum square feet or quantity of built-in fume hoods required if they were not combined.

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(F) Chemical storage room. If hazardous or vaporous chemicals are to be used in a science laboratory or combination science classroom/laboratory, a separate chemical storage room shall be provided. The chemical storage room shall be separate from, and shall not be combined as part of, a preparation room or an equipment storage room; however, the chemical storage room may be located so that access is through a preparation room or equipment storage room. The chemical storage room shall be secure to prevent access to chemicals by students or non-authorized adults. One chemical storage room may be shared among multiple laboratories or classrooms/laboratories. Refer to National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), International Fire Code (IFC), and Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) for additional requirements.
(G) Eye/face wash. A built-in eye/face wash that can wash both eyes simultaneously shall be provided in each room serving Grades 5-12 where hazardous chemicals or eye irritants are used by instructors and/or students. The eye/face wash shall comply with the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Standards for Shower and Eyewash Equipment (Z358.1). The tepid water required by ANSI Z358.1 is not required to come from a heated source; however, school districts that commonly experience lengthy periods of extremely cold temperatures during the winter season shall consider a tepid water system with a heated source.

## Standards for Space for Instructional Facilities

(H) Safety shower. A built-in safety shower shall be provided in each combination classroom/laboratory, laboratory, or prep room where a built-in fume hood is required or voluntarily provided. Where a safety shower is required in both the laboratory and corresponding prep room, a safety shower may be provided in only the prep room to satisfy this requirement. The safety shower shall comply with the ANSI Standards for Shower and Eyewash Equipment (Z358.1). The tepid water required by ANSI Z358.1 is not required to come from a heated source; however, school districts that commonly experience lengthy periods of extremely cold temperatures during the winter season shall consider a tepid water system with a heated source.
(I) Exhaust fan and ventilation system. Refer to International Mechanical Code, ANSI, OSHA, and NFPA for project requirements.
(J) Emergency shut-off controls. If electricity, gas, and/or water are provided in student areas, emergency shut-off controls shall be provided for each in a location accessible to the instructor but not easily accessible to students. It shall not be located at any doorway leading to a corridor or hallway.
(K) Special education. Specialized classrooms shall be a minimum of 45 SF per student.
(h) Quantitative method of compliance for instructional facility space requirements. A school district board of trustees shall approve compliance with this method, or the method of compliance described in subsection (i) of this section before the commencement of design development for a capital improvement project for an instructional facility.

## Standards for Space for Instructional Facilities

(1) To satisfy this method of compliance, the capital improvement project shall meet the minimum aggregate square footage based on the campus's flexibility level as specified in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the SF per student as specified in paragraph (3) of this subsection, and the maximum instructional capacity of the campus included in the project's educational specifications. Cafeterias, gymnasiums, and library space may not be used to satisfy this method of compliance. The minimum aggregate square footage required may be comprised of the following:
(A) mathematics, English/language arts, and history/social studies classrooms;
(B) combination science classrooms/laboratories;
(C) science classrooms, if the separate science classroom and laboratory layout is used;
(D) special education classrooms;
(E) collaboration areas; and
(F) elective classrooms or laboratories under the following circumstances:
(i) if the elective program necessitates a SF per student in excess of the value specified in subsection (h)(3) of this section, a maximum of total square feet for the space shall be used that is equal to the value specified in (h)(3) of this section multiplied by the maximum number of students that shall be safely served in that classroom or laboratory at a time;
(ii) if the elective classroom or laboratory is used between $51-100 \%$ of the school day, at a factor of 1 ; and
(iii) if the elective classroom or laboratory is used between $0-50 \%$ percent of the school day, at a factor of 5 .

## Standards for Space for Instructional Facilities

(2) The level of flexibility of a facility must be selected by a school district in order to calculate the minimum aggregate square footage under paragraph (3) of this subsection.
(A) Flexibility Level 1 (L1). Single, fixed teacher presentation space; compact organization of spaces makes access to outdoor space limited and challenging; furniture is exclusively attached student desk/chair with an expectation of very infrequent rearrangement; minimal multipurpose functionality for walls with no capability of reconfiguration; teacher-centric digital instruction with partial access to mobile devices.
(B) Flexibility Level 2 (L2). Single, fixed teacher presentation space; compact organization of spaces makes access to outdoor space limited and challenging, but outdoor spaces may be visible from classrooms; furniture includes detached student desk/chair with an expectation of very infrequent rearrangement; moderate multipurpose functionality for walls with no capability of reconfiguration; teacher-centric digital instruction with moderate access to mobile devices.
(C) Flexibility Level 3 (L3). Multiple student/teacher presentation spaces; organization of spaces allows for proximal outdoor access that is visible from classrooms; flexible and mobile furniture that is easily rearranged; high use of multipurpose walls, including digital touchscreen and other functionalities; learner-centric digital instruction with high levels of access to a range of mobile devices.

## Standards for Space for Instructional Facilities

(D) Flexibility Level 4 (L4). Multiple student/teacher presentation spaces that are likely mobile; organization of spaces allows for direct outdoor access that is visible from classrooms; highly flexible and mobile furniture that is easily rearranged by students independently or collectively; maximized inclusion of multipurpose walls, including digital capabilities and reconfiguration; learner-centric digital instruction with high levels of access to a range of mobile devices incorporating an "anytime/anywhere" instructional philosophy.
(3) The minimum aggregate square footage shall be determined based on the minimum square footage per student by campus type and the selected flexibility level approved under paragraph (2) of this subsection.
(A) Elementary schools (prekindergarten-Grade 5):
(i) L1 36 SF per pupil (pp);
(ii) L2 36 SF pp;
(iii) L3 42 SF pp; and
(iv) L4 42 SF pp.
(B) Middle schools (Grades 6-8):
(i) L1 32 SF pp;
(ii) L2 32 SF pp;

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(iii) L3 36 SF pp; and
(iv) L4 36 SF pp.
(C) High schools (Grades 9-12):
(i) L1 32 SF pp ;
(ii) L2 32 SF pp;
(iii) L3 36 SF pp; and
(iv) L 436 SF pp .
(i) Qualitative method of compliance for instructional facility space standards. A school district board of trustees shall approve compliance with this method, or the method of compliance described in subsection (h) of this section before the commencement of design development for a capital improvement project for an instructional facility. A school district may use the qualitative method of compliance for a capital improvement project only if the board of trustees has prior documented approval of one or more instructional or operational practices for the proposed project that distributes or manages student capacity in an innovative or non-traditional manner. Prior to approving the qualitative method of compliance, all instructional and operational practices applicable to the proposed project must have been documented and approved by the school district board of trustees to demonstrate compliance with the requirements in this subsection.

## Standards for Space for Instructional Facilities

(1) To satisfy this method of compliance, the project shall meet the minimum total square footage based on the campus's flexibility level as specified in subsection (h)(2) of this section, the SF per student as specified in subsection (h)(3) of this section, and the adjusted maximum instructional capacity of the campus. The minimum aggregate square footage required may be comprised of the following:
(A) mathematics, English/language arts, and history/social studies classrooms;
(B) combination science classrooms/laboratories;
(C) science classrooms, if the separate science classroom and laboratory layout is used;
(D) special education classrooms;
(E) collaboration areas; and

## Standards for Space for Instructional Facilities

(F) elective classrooms or laboratories under the following circumstances:
(i) if the elective program necessitates a SF per student in excess of the value specified in subsection (h)(3) of this section, a maximum of total square feet for the space shall be used that is equal to the value specified in subsection (h)(3) of this section multiplied by the maximum number of students that shall be safely served in that classroom or laboratory at a time;
(ii) if the elective classroom or laboratory is used between $51-100 \%$ of the school day, at a factor of 1 ; and
(iii) if the elective classroom or laboratory is used between $0-50 \%$ of the school day, at a factor of 5 .
(2) Gymnasiums may not be used to satisfy this method of compliance. Cafeterias and library space may be used to satisfy this method of compliance and shall be treated like an elective space under paragraph $(1)(F)$ of this subsection.

